# REVISION FOR 1ST TERM TEST GRADE 6

## **\*VOCABULARY: From Unit 1 to Unit 6**

**\*GRAMMAR POINTS**

1. Tenses (present simple, present continuous)
2. Adverbs of frequency (often, usually )
3. Possessive case (sở hữu cách)
4. Prepositions of place (in, on, under. )
5. Comparative adjectives (So sánh hơn của tính từ)
6. Modal verbs: must/mustn’t, should/shouldn’t
7. Some/Any

### I. MULTIPLE CHOICE

**PRACTICE**

**A. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. a. should | b. around | c. house | d. sound |
| 2. a. Shout | b. flower | c. bow | d. throw |
| 3. a. sure | b. shout | c. sing | d. wish |
| 4. a. peach | b. sweets | c. eat | d. feather |
| 5. a. celebrate | b. cousin | c. city | d. cinema |

**B.GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY**

1. Vietnamese people usually return to their families Tet.
   1. in b. on c. for d. during
2. When the clock strikes midnight, colorful fireworks light the sky.
   1. in b. up c.on d. over
3. You shouldn’t things on the first day of Tet.
   1. make b. hang c. break. d.cook
4. Tet is the time of the year.
   1. busy b. busier c. busiest d. most busy
5. Tet is the biggest and most important in Vietnam.
   1. festival b. decoration c. occasion d. tradition
6. Tet is coming. We clean and decorate our house.
   1. should b. shouldn’t c. mustn’t d. are
7. I always my grandparents a long life and good health.
   1. celebrate b. wish c. make d. bring
8. The is the first person to enter your house in the New Year.
   1. relative b. first cousin c. first footer d. rooster
9. ‘ do Vietnamese people prepare for Tet?’‘They decorate their houses and cook special food.’
   1. What b.Where c.How d.How often
10. ‘In which country do people throw water at one another?’‘ ’
    1. Scotland b.Thailand c.The USA d.Denmark
11. Which city is : Ha Noi or Ho Chi Minh City?
    1. large b. larger c. largest d. the largest
12. "Do you finish packing"? – "Yes. All my things are in my \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_"
    1. back b. backpack c. back pack d. plaster
13. The Amazon is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .
    1. Rainforest b. Rainy Forest c. Wet Forest d. Wetter Forest
14. is a large thick bag for sleeping in, especially when you are camping.
    1. A sleeping bag b. A sleep bag c. A sleepy bag d. A bag for sleeping
15. If we had a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, we wouldn't get lost.
    1. backpack b. ruler c. compass d. painkiller
16. You travel alone to the mountain. Always go in a group.
    1. must b. mustn't c. do d. don't
17. You \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_take a lot of warm clothes when you go to Sa Pa in winter.
    1. must b. mustn't c. can d. can't
18. The Imperial City in Hue is the greatest .
    1. tourist attraction b. tourist attractions c. tour attraction d. attraction tourist
19. Ha Long Bay is the number one in Viet Nam.
    1. nature wonder b. natural wonder c. wonderful nature d. wonder nature
20. You be late for school. It's against the school regulations.
    1. must b. mustn't c. can d. can't
21. You all necessary things along with you before you start your trip.
    1. takes b. won't take c. must take d. mustn't take
22. You must remember to bring a - it's very useful when you go into a cave because it's very dark there.
    1. scissors b. torch c. clock d. compass
23. There are many shops near here, so the streets are very busy and\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_during the day.
    1. . noise b. narrow c. quiet d. noisy
24. She \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_English at the moment.
    1. study b. is studying c. studies d. studying
25. I sometimes \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the cinema.
    1. go b. goes c. going d. to go

### C. Find a mistake in the four underlined parts of each sentence.

1. What time does Mai has English class? **A B C D**
2. Do you often go at school library when you have free time? **A B C D**
3. She cleans the floor every morning. She cleans it now. **A B C D**

### READING

**A.Read the following passage and choose the item (A, B or C) that best answers each of the questions about it.(1.25pts)**

Lunar New Year, or Tet, is the biggest and most important festival in Vietnam. Tet often falls between late January and early February.

A great deal of excitement still builds up well before Tet. Streets are decorated with coloured lights and red banners. Shops are full of goods. People are busy buying gifts, cleaning and decorating their houses and cooking traditional foods.

Homes are often decorated with plants and flowers at this time. Peach blossom is traditional at Tet in the North while apricot blossom is traditional in the South. One of Tet’s most special foods is bank chung, which is made of sticky rice, green beans and fatty pork.

On the days of Tet, people visit other family members or friends and they exchange New Year’s wishes. Children receive their “lucky money” inside red envelopes. Many people go to pagodas to pray for a happy new year for themselves and their families. Both children and adults take part in games and various forms of entertainment. Tet is really a time of fun and festivals throughout the country.

1.When is Tet ?

A. between early January and late February.

B. between early January and late March.

C. between late January and early February.

D. between late February and early March.

2. What do people do to prepare for Tet?

A. buy gifts, clean and cook rice

B. buy books, clean and decorate their houses.

C. buy gifts, clean and decorate their houses and cook traditional foods.

D. buy goods and cook traditional foods.

3. Where is apricot blossom traditonal in?

A. the North B. the South C. the street D. the house

4. What is Banh Chung made of?

A. sticky rice B. sticky rice and green beans

C. sticky rice, green beans and fatty pork D. fatty pork and sticky rice

5. What do children receive during Tet?

A. Peach blossom B. lucky money C. coloured lights D. apricot blossom

**B. Choose the correct answer A, B, C, or D for each of the gaps to complete the following text.**

Tra Co Beach in Quang Ninh province is 9 kilometers from Mong Cai. It has the longest and the most romantic (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Viet Nam. Tourists can enjoy the (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of white sand beaches and green sea water all year round Visitors should (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the sunset or sunrise in Con Mang island. You can visit Tra Co Communal House, Linh Khanh Pagoda, and Tra Co Church. If tourists want some fresh (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, they can find it from fishing boats. They can take part (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_"Tra Co Festival" from May 30 to June 6.

1. A. beach B. square C. desert D. mountain

2. A. beauty B. beautiful C. of beauty D. pretty

3. A. enjoy B. enjoys C. enjoying D. to enjoy

4. A. fishes B. menu C. air D. water

5. A. in B. at C. of D. on

**C. Read the text, and then choose the correct answers**

The most important celebration holiday in China is the Lunar New Year. At this time, shops are closed.

People celebrate by having parties, by paying friendly phone calls to their neighbours, and by visiting the temples or pagodas to promises for the New Year. Children walk through the streets, carrying colourful lanterns and paper figures. Fireworks are also set off to light up the sky.

The time of the New Year is also the time at which Chinese people decorate their homes. For example, the windows, which are made of thick paper are torn down, and new ones are put up. This is also the time during which people pay their debts. Everyone tries to settle all his bills before the beginning of the New Year. Before New Year's Eve, people make their homes attractive by decorating them with flowers and plants, and hanging brightly-coloured decorations.

1. This passage as a whole is about .
   1. paying debts **B.** China **C.** the Chinese New Year **D.** New Year's promises
2. The Lunar New Year is .
   1. an important Chinese holiday **B.** the time for having large meals

**C.** a special time for children **D.** the time when no one is in debt

1. What can we infer from the passage?
   1. The Chinese have only one holiday.
   2. The Chinese New Year is happy.
   3. The Chinese New Year celebration lasts seven days.
   4. People don't go to church during the Chinese New Year.
2. Which of these sentences is NOT true?
   1. Fireworks are set off to light up the sky.
   2. Chinese houses are made of paper.
   3. Chinese people pay debts at New Year's.
   4. People also decorate the windows.
3. How can people make their homes attractive?
   1. By decorating them with flowers and plants.
   2. By decorating them with brightly-coloured decorations.
   3. By hanging brightly-coloured decorations outside their homes.
   4. By decorating them with flowers and plants, and hanging brightly-coloured decorations.

### WRITING

1. **Complete the second sentence so that it means the same as the first sentence. ( Viết lại câu theo gợi ý)**
2. My sister goes to the market on foot.( Rewrite, use **WALKS)**

………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………

1. Are there seven hundred pupils in your school?( Rewrite, use **HAS)**

………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………

1. Our school has forty-two classrooms. (Rewrite, use **THERE)**

………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………

### Rearrange the given words or phrases to make meaningful sentences.

1. favorite subjects/ Literature/ secondary school/ one of/ is/ in/ my.

………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………

1. main exams/ every grade/ There are/ during/ four.

………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………

1. yard/ front/ school/There/ big/ of/ is/ our/ in/ a.

………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………

1. **Make questions for the underlined words.** 1.Our school year starts on September 5th.

………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………

2.Summer vacation lasts for three months.

………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………

3.The longest vacation is summer vacation.

………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………