**REVISION FOR THE SECOND MID-TERM TEST**

**ENGLISH 6 – 2022-2023**

\* Vocabulary: Unit 7, Unit 8, Unit 9

\* Grammar points:

1. Question words (Who, What, Where, When, How, Why, Whose...)

2. Conjunctions (but, and, so)

3. Past simple tense

4. Imperatives

5. Possessive adjectives (my, your, his, her, our, their, its)

6. Possessive pronouns (mine, yours, his, hers, ours, theirs, its)

**PRACTICE**

**I. Multiple choice.**

**A. Phonetics.**

Which word has the underlined part that is pronounced differently from the others?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. a. prize | b. excite | c. design | d. capital |
| 2. a. cold | b. photo | c. continent | d. poster |
| 3. a. city | b. capital | c. nice | d. excite |
| 4. a. designed | b. received | c. cycled | d. rewarded |
| 5. a. tomorrow | b. tower | c. crowd | d. around |

**B. Vocabulary and Grammar**

1. ‘Why are you laughing so hard?’ ‘I am watching a ……………….. . It’s really funny!’

A.drama B. news C. comedy D. romance

2. “Who wants to be a millionaire” is a kind of ……………………………

A. music programmes B. game shows C. talk shows D. reality shows

3. I want to buy a new jacket,……………….I don’t have enough money.

A. and B. so C. but D. because

4. I’d like to see that Korean band …………………………….their music is pretty cool.

A. or B. so C. because D. but

5. You must hurry………………………………you will miss your train.

A.so B. but C. and D. or

6. “Who wants to be a millionaire” is……………….at eight o’clock every Tuesday night.

A. in B. on C. at D. From

7. ………….does Sam watch the “Muppet Show”? - On every Sunday afternoon.

A. What B. When C. What time D. Why

8. Football is an example of a/an………………….sport where you play with several other people.

A. team B.individual C.indoor D.dangerous

9. ………………………………. up the tree! You’ll fall down.

A.Climb B. Climbing C. Not to climb D. Don’t climb

10. . ……………………….are the Olympic Games held? - Every four years.

A. When B. Where C.How long D.How often

11. Which sport happens in a ring?

A. Boxing B. Basketball C.Aerobics D.Swimming.

12. Manchester is famous for……………………………. football teams.

A.it B. his C. her D. its

13. People in Tokyo are very polite ……………………friendly.

A. or B. and C. but D. So

14. Yesterday, I ............................... to a souvenir shop near the exit of the aquarium.

A. go B. gone C. went D. goes

15. ………………is a marathon in miles? ~ About 26 miles.

A. How often B.How many C.How long D. How wide

16. The Statue of Liberty is one of the most famous …………..in the United States.

A. towers B.landmarks C.capitals D. cities

17. Disney Channel is one of the most ……………. channels ……….. children .

A. good - for B. exciting - of C. popular - to D. popular – for

18. VTV is a …………………. television channel in Viet Nam, and it attracts millions of TV viewers in Viet Nam.

A. wide B. local C. international D. national

19. As it doesn’t snow in Viet Nam, we cannot …………. skiing.

A. Play B. go C. do D. went

20. What’s your favourite ……………………..?” – “I like swimming.”

A. subject B. game C. sport D. teacher

21. My house is near ……………..house, so I usually go there and play badminton with her.

A. his B. she C. her D. hers

22. “……………. watch TV too much”. “ I see”

A. Don’t B. Do C. Did D. didn’t

23. Tam ……………………… three goals for our team and made it a hat trick.

A. scores B. scored C. plays D. played

C. Find a mistake in the four underlined parts of each sentence.

|  |
| --- |
| 24. The children feeled excited before their holiday.  A B C D |
| 25. Do you play yoga at home or in a club?  A B C D |
| 26. Where was you last weekend? - I was at home.  A B C D |
| 27. The car stoped at the traffic lights.  A B C D |
| 28. Paul is very tired because he didn’t slept well last night.  A B C D |
| 29. Do you take part in the marathon last Sunday?  A B C D |
|  |
| 30. When did you buy this house? - We buy it three years ago.  A B C D |

**II. READING**

**A. Choose the word which best fits each gap.**

Television first came some sixty years ago in the 1950s. Nowadays, it is one of the most (1)\_\_\_\_\_\_ sources of entertainment for both the old and the young. Television brings (2)\_\_\_\_\_\_ for children, world news, music and many other (3)\_\_\_\_\_\_ If someone likes sports, he can just choose the right sports (4)\_\_\_\_\_\_ It is not difficult for us to see why (5)\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a TV set in almost every home today.

1. A. cheap B. expensive C. popular D. exciting

2. A. news B. cartoons C. sports D. plays

3. A. sets B. reports C. channels D. programmes

4. A. television B. channel C. time D. studio

5. A. it B. this C. that D. there

**B. Read the passage, and then choose the correct answers.**

Tokyo is the capital of Japan. In Tokyo, there are always too many people in the place where you want to come. People are very polite even when they often spend a long time on traffic jams. Tokyo is different from London when you want to walk to a place. During the day, most people travel to work by train. Tokyo people buy six million train tickets every day. Although they are usually crowded, Japanese trains are very good. They always leave and arrive on time. On a London train, everybody in a seat seems to be asleep whether the journey is long or short. The worst time to be in the street at night is about 11.30 when the nightclubs are closing and everybody wants to go home.

1. Tokyo is different from London because .

A. it has a larger population B. it is a noisy city

C. it is more difficult to walk to somewhere D. its people are friendly and more polite

2. When does the writer think the worst time to go into the street?

A. When the nightclubs are closing. B. At 8.00 am.

C. When the trains are full. D. At 11.30 am

3. What does the writer think of Japanese trains?

A. They are very nice and comfortable. B. There are not enough trains.

C. They often run late. D. They leave and arrive on time.

4. In London trains, every British in a seat .

A. reads a newspaper B. looks like being asleep

C. talks with other people D. looks out of the window.

5. Which statement is NOT true according to the passage?

A. Most people in Tokyo travel to work by train.

B. It is very difficult to go around in Tokyo.

C. When Japanese people are on traffic jams, they are not polite.

D. Trains in Tokyo are very good - they always leave and arrive on time

**C. Read the story and decide if the sentences are true (T) or false (F).**

On Saturday, Patricia was in the park when she saw a boy on a mountain bike. He was on the hill when suddenly he fell off his bike. Patricia ran over to help. "Where's my helmet?" he shouted. It was under a park bench so Patricia went to get it. Just then another boy ran past, took the boy's mountain bike and rode away. "Stop!" Patricia shouted. She ran after the other boy and stopped him. He got off the bike and ran away. Patricia took the bike back to the boy, "Thank you, Patricia," he said. "How do you know my name?" Patricia asked. "I live next to you," he said. "My name's Tom". On Sunday Tom left some flowers on her doorstep to say "thank you".

1. Patricia was in the street when she saw a boy on a mountain bike.

2. The boy fell off his bike.

3. Another boy rode away with his helmet.

4. Patricia stopped the other boy and took the bike back.

5. Tom gave Patricia a CD to say "thank you".

**III. WRITING**

**A. Make questions for the underlined words**

1.My family moved to Sydney in 1997.

………………………………………………………………………………………………………

2. He travelled to Mexico by train.

………………………………………………………………………………………………………

3. The students usually play football after the class

………………………………………………………………………………………………………

4. Minh goes to the karate club three times a week

………………………………………………………………………………………………………

5. He met Andy at the cinema last week

**B. Rearrange the words to make correct sentences.**

1. wonderful/ in/ We/ time/ are/ Hanoi/ a/ having.

………………………………………………………………………………………………………

2. the/ Yesterday/ Temple of Literature/ visited/ we.

………………………………………………………………………………………………………

3. you/ practise/ table tennis/ How often/ do/ playing?

………………………………………………………………………………………………………

4. the match / win / your team / Did / last Sunday?

………………………………………………………………………………………………………

5. arrive / the stadium / at / What time / you / did?

**C. Make the sentences using a conjunction: but; and; or; so**.

1. We know him. We know his friends.

................................................................................................................................................

2. The coat was soft. The coat was warm.

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3. It is stupid to do that. It is quite unnecessary.

................................................................................................................................................

4. I wanted to go. He wanted to stay.

................................................................................................................................................

5. You can go there by bus. You can go there by train.

**D. What do you say in these situations? (Use imperatives)**

1.The class is very noisy when the teacher is away for a few minutes.

You say, "…………………………………………………………………... "

2.Nam watches too much television but doesn't play any sports.

You say, "…………………………………………………………………... "

3.The examinations are coming, but your classmate, Hung, doesn't study hard enough.

You say, " …………………………………………………………………….."

4.The pool is very deep, and it also has rocks.

You say, "………………………………………………………………………….. "

5.Teasing wild animals is very dangerous.

You say, "………………………………………………………………………….. "